# WNE Linear Algebra Resit Exam Series A

#### 2 March 2019

Please use separate sheets for different problems. Please provide the following data on each sheet

- name, surname and your student number,
- number of your group,
- number of the corresponding problem and the series.

Problem 1.

Let  $V = \lim((1, 1, 2, -1), (-2, 1, 5, 8), (4, 1, -1, -10))$  be a subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^4$ .

- a) find a basis  $\mathcal{A}$  of V and the dimension of V,
- b) find all  $t \in \mathbb{R}$  such that  $(2, 1, 1, t) \in V$ .

Problem 2.

Let  $V \subset \mathbb{R}^4$  be a subspace given by the homogeneous system of linear equations

ſ		$x_1$	+	$2x_2$		$3x_3$	+	$11x_{4}$	=	0
ł	—	$2x_1$	—	$4x_2$	—	$x_3$	+	$6x_4$	=	0
l		$5x_1$	+	$10x_{2}$			—	$5x_4$	=	0

a) which of the following sequences of vectors are bases of V?

- i) ((1, 2, -3, 11)),
- ii) ((1, 2, -3, 11), (-2, -4, -1, 6)),
- iii) ((-2, 1, 0, 0), (1, 0, 4, 1)),
- iv) ((3, -1, 4, 1), (1, 0, 4, 1)),
- v) ((-2, 1, 0, 0), (4, -2, 0, 0)).
- Give reasons for your answers.
- b) find coordinates of w = (3, -2, -4, -1) relative to one of the basis from the part a).

## Problem 3.

Let

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 3\\ -6 & 7 \end{bmatrix}.$$

a) does there exists matrix  $C \in M(2 \times 2; \mathbb{R})$  such that

$$C^{-1}AC = \begin{bmatrix} a & 0\\ 0 & b \end{bmatrix}$$

for some  $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$  such that a < b? If it does, give an example of such matrix C. b) compute  $A^{200}$ .

#### Problem 4.

Let  $\mathcal{A} = ((1,2), (1,3)), \ \mathcal{B} = ((0,1), (1,2))$  be ordered bases of  $\mathbb{R}^2$ . Let  $\varphi \colon \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$  be a linear transformations given by the matrix

$$M(\varphi)_{\mathcal{A}}^{\mathcal{B}} = \left[ \begin{array}{cc} -1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{array} \right].$$

Let  $\psi \colon \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^3$  be a linear transformations given by the matrix

$$M(\psi)^{st}_{\mathcal{A}} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1\\ 1 & 1\\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- a) find the formula of  $\varphi$ ,
- b) find the matrix  $M(\psi \circ \varphi)^{st}_{\mathcal{B}}$ .

### Problem 5.

Let

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 5 & 2 \\ -4 & t & 5 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- a) for which  $t \in \mathbb{R}$  is matrix  $A^4 A^{\intercal}$  invertible?
- b) for which  $t \in \mathbb{R}$  is the entry in the first row and the second column of  $A^{-1}$  equal to 10?

### Problem 6.

- Let  $V = \lim((1, 2, -1), (3, 8, -5), (2, 1, 1))$  be a subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .
- a) find an orthonormal basis of  $V^{\perp}$ ,
- b) compute the orthogonal projection of w = (1, 0, 0) onto V.

#### Problem 7.

Let M be the affine plane in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  passing through the point Q = (1, 1, 7) which is parallel to the subspace

$$V = \{ (x_1, x_2, x_3) \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid 2x_1 - x_3 = 0 \}.$$

- a) find a parametrization of the line L passing through point P = (1, 0, 2) perpendicular to M,
- b) find an equation describing M and compute the affine orthogonal projection of the point P onto M.

### Problem 8.

Consider the following linear programming problem  $-3x_2 - 2x_4 \rightarrow \min$  in the standard form with constraints

$$\begin{cases} x_1 + x_4 = 1 \\ x_2 + - 2x_4 = 2 \\ x_3 + x_4 = 3 \end{cases} \text{ and } x_i \ge 0 \text{ for } i = 1, \dots, 4$$

- a) which of the sets  $\mathcal{B}_1 = \{1, 2, 3\}, \mathcal{B}_2 = \{1, 3, 4\}$  is basic feasible? Write the corresponding feasible solution.
- b) solve the linear programming problem using simplex method.